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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/807,131	05/23/2001	Mikko Huttunen	P-277995 4288	
909	7590 06/21/2004		EXAMINER	
PILLSBURY WINTHROP, LLP			WANG, TED M	
P.O. BOX 10500 MCLEAN, VA 22102			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2634	а
			DATE MAILED: 06/21/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>					
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/807,131	HUTTUNEN, MIKKO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ted M Wang	2634			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE!	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		,			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ma	ay 2001.				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	and the contract of the contra				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,5-8,10-13 and 15 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 4,9 and 14 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Application Papers	·	•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) $oxed{oxed}$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 <i>May</i> 2001</u> is/are: a) $oxed{oxed}$ accepted or b) $oxed{oxed}$ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-15 are pending in the application.

#### **Drawings**

2. The drawings are objected to because the drawing should label all the elements in the figures. For example, in Fig.2 20 and 22 should be labeled as data bits and 21 should be labeled as training sequence. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

# Preliminary Amendment

3. The preliminary amendments (a) and (b) filed on 4/9/2001 and 9/5/2001 have been entered respectively. Claims 1-10 are amended and claims 11-15 are added.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical

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Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

- 5. Claims 1, 6, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Keisala (US6,714,609).
  - In regard claim 1, Keisala discloses a co-channel interference in a receiver for selecting a modulation detector in a receiver which includes at least a first and a second detector (Fig.2 and 3 and column 7 lines 1-25), the method comprising: determining at least one cross-correlation value between a stored training sequence and at least one training sequence of a received signal (Fig.1, 2, and 3, and column 3 line 24 column 5 line 34, and column 7 line 25 column 8 line 7); and selecting a detector used for detection of a signal to be received on the basis of the determined at least one cross-correlation value (Fig.2 and 3, and column 5 line 36 column 7 line 25, and column 7 line 25 column 8 line 7).
  - In regard claim 6, which is a receiver claim related to claim 1, all limitation is contained in claim 1. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
  - In regard claim 11, which is a receiver claim related to claim 1, all limitation is contained in claim 1. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 2, 7, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Keisala (US6,714,609) in view of Dent et al. (US5,841,816).
  - In regard claim 2, Keisala discloses all of the limitation as described in the above paragraph except specifically teaching searching for an ideal synchronization point of the received signal, at which point the cross-correlation between the training sequence of the received signal and the stored training sequence has a maximum value; and calculating the cross-correlation value between the stored training sequence and the training sequence of the received signal, which is obtained by shifting a synchronization point of the received signal for one symbol sequence at least one of forwards or backwards from the ideal synchronization point.

Dent et al. discloses a diversity PI/4-DQPSK demodulation with searching for an ideal synchronization point of the received signal, at which point the cross-correlation between the training sequence of the received signal and the stored training sequence has a maximum value (Fig.3 and column 11 line 11 –

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column 12 line 67); and calculating the cross-correlation value between the stored training sequence and the training sequence of the received signal, which is obtained by shifting a synchronization point of the received signal for one symbol sequence at least one of forwards or backwards from the ideal synchronization point (Fig.3 and column 11 line 11 – column 12 line 67) in order to provide additional quality measurements and to facilitate diversity combination or selection.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Keisala's receiver in view of Dent's disclosure in order to provide additional quality measurements and to facilitate diversity combination or selection.

- In regard claim 7, which is a receiver claim related to claim 2, all limitation is contained in claim 2. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- In regard claim 12, which is a receiver claim related to claim 2, all limitation is contained in claim 2. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- 8. Claim 3, 8, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Keisala (US6,714,609) in view of Tajiri et al. (US5,946,359).
  - In regard claim 3, Keisala discloses all of the limitation as described in the above
     paragraph except specifically teaching that the received signal is a complex

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signal, whereby at least one cross-correlation value to be determined is a complex cross-correlation value.

Tajiri et al. discloses a parameter measuring apparatus for digital quadrature modulation signal that the received signal is a complex signal, whereby at least one cross-correlation value to be determined is a complex cross-correlation value (Fig.1, 8, and 12, and column 3 lines 30-67, and column 9 line 1 – column 10 line 46) in order to improve the demodulation result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Keisala's receiver in view of Tajiri's disclosure in order to improve the demodulation result.

- In regard claim 8, which is a receiver claim related to claim 3, all limitation is contained in claim 3. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- In regard claim 13, which is a receiver claim related to claim 3, all limitation is contained in claim 3. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- 9. Claims 5, 10, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Keisala (US6,714,609) in view of Koch (US5,199,047).
  - In regard claim 5, Keisala discloses all of the limitation as described in the above paragraph except specifically teaching that the first detector includes a channel equalizer.

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Koch discloses a receiver for a digital transmission system that the first detector includes a channel equalizer (Fig.1 and 3 element 25 and column 4 lines 21-46, and column 7 lines 59-66) in order to recover the received digital useful information signals transmitted by the transmitter from the sample values while utilizing the information of the actual channel characteristic.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Keisala's receiver in view of Koch's disclosure in order to recover the received digital useful information signals transmitted by the transmitter from the sample values while utilizing the information of the actual channel characteristic.

- In regard claim 10, which is a receiver claim related to claim 5, all limitation is contained in claim 5. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.
- In regard claim 15, which is a receiver claim related to claim 5, all limitation is contained in claim 5. The explanation of all the limitation is already addressed in the above paragraph.

## Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 4, 9, and 14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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#### Conclusion

11. Reference US6,026,130 is cited because they are put pertinent to the channel estimating in a communication system. However, none of references teach detailed connection as recited in claim.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ted M Wang whose telephone number is (703) 305-0373. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Chin can be reached on (703) 305-4714. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Ted M Wang Examiner Art Unit 2634 Page 8

Ted M. Wang

STEPHEN CHIN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE: TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600